

LET'S WRITE ENGLISH

BOOK III

J. FUSTE'
&
S.N.A. RIZVI



LET'S WRITE ENGLISH

(Practice in English Structures)

(BASED ON THE TEXT BOOK LET'S READ ENGLISH Book III
BY THE SAME AUTHORS)

WORKBOOK III

By

J. FUSTE' M.A., L.Litt., Ph. L. (Greg.)

SECRETARY
COUNCIL FOR THE INDIAN
SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS
NEW DELHI

S.N.A. RIZVI

M.A., Ph.D. (Lucknow).
D.T.E. (CIEFL, Hyderabad)
DEPTT. OF ENGLISH
DR. ZAKIR HUSAIN (DELHI) COLLEGE
UNIVERSITY OF DELHI



PITAMBAR PUBLISHING COMPANY

Educational Publishers

888, East Park Road, Karol Bagh,
NEW DELHI-110 005. (INDIA)

OUR IMPORTANT PUBLICATIONS IN ENGLISH FOR PRIMARY CLASSES

1. Let's Read English Pre-Primer, Primer, Books I to V.
2. Let's Write English Pre-Primer, Primer, Books I to V.
3. Everyday English Grammar & Composition Books I to III.
4. Tell Me Stories Books I to VI
5. Ambar Print Writing Books I to V.
6. A Treasure of Poems Introductory, Books I to V.

Acc No — 15249

Publisher **PITAMBAR PUBLISHING COMPANY**
Educational Publishers
888, East Park Road, Karol Bagh,
New Delhi-110 005. (INDIA)

Telephones Off. : 770067, 776058, 526933
Res. : 5715182, 586788, 5721321

Telex: 31-5579-PTBR-IN

Edition First : 1976
Reprinted : 1978, 1979
Second : 1980
Reprinted : 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985
Third Edition : 1986
Reprinted : 1987
Thoroughly Revised Edition : 1988

Price Rs. 6/-

Copyright ©Reserved

Printer **Piyush Printers Publishers Pvt. Ltd.** G-12, Udyog Nagar,
Rohtak Road Industrial Area, New Delhi-110 041. (Phone : 87440)

PREFACE

In the process of learning a language, whether it is the mother-tongue or a second language, listening to and speaking the language comes first, writing the language comes after. All work-books, therefore, if they must be of any help to the students, must pre-suppose plenty of aural and oral practice for which a teacher is indispensable.

Writing English, though last in the learning process, is by no means the least important of the steps in learning English. It is an acknowledged fact of the learning process that writing helps to fix in the mind what has been learnt by listening and speaking. In learning a language correctly, pupils must be made to repeat, in complete sentence form, the many and varied patterns that constitute the correct usage of the language in as many situations as possible.

The present series '*Let's Write English*', is meant to fulfill this need of practising in writing what the pupils have already heard and practised orally. The exercises in this book correspond to the units and lessons of the series '*LET'S READ ENGLISH*' by the same authors. The method followed in this series of seven work-books is that called the '*structural method*' which has been universally acclaimed as the most natural of the systems in learning a language. Patterns of English language have been graded carefully, so that beginning with the easier and most common ones, the pupils are gradually introduced to the more advanced patterns of speech and writing. The same patterns are repeated in a variety of situations. This is the only way to help pupils in forming the all-important habit of thinking, speaking and writing in complete sentences and in accordance with the correct usage of the language.

With this aim in view, the emphasis in this series has not been placed on enlarging the vocabulary of the students ; nor has it been placed on the gradual development of grammatical classification of words and phrases. The emphasis has been placed on the ordering of the various patterns that go to constitute the English language so as to make the progress of the students in learning the language both easier and faster. The writing work in this book corresponds to Book III of the series *Let's Read English* by the same authors.

In the preparation of this series, note has also been taken of the *Syllabus for English Readers* prepared by the National Council of Educational Research and Training, New Delhi. The work-books have been amply illustrated to help beginners in their work. It is hoped that this series will be of great help to students of various classes in learning correctly the use of the more important structures of the English Language.

—Authors

CONTENTS

EXERCISE 1	- A. STRUCTURES : subject+verb+adjective B. STRUCTURES : subject+verb+object simple past tense	1
EXERCISE 2	- A. STRUCTURES : adjectives from nouns B. STRUCTURES : nouns from adjectives	2
EXERCISE 3	- STRUCTURES : Past verb +v-ing	3
EXERCISE 4	- A. STRUCTURES : idiomatic expressions B. STRUCTURES : making sentences from a table	4
EXERCISE 5	- A. STRUCTURES : the passive voice B. STRUCTURES : question sentence : when	5
EXERCISE 6	- STRUCTURES : that - clause	6
EXERCISE 7	- STRUCTURES : modal verbs : may, can	7
EXERCISE 8	- STRUCTURES : clause with why	8
EXERCISE 9	- STRUCTURES : sentences from a table	9
EXERCISE 10	- STRUCTURES : adverb clause : reason	10
EXERCISE 11	- A. STRUCTURES : adverbial of place B. STRUCTURES : look like	11
EXERCISE 12	- STRUCTURES : how many	12
EXERCISE 13	- A. STRUCTURES : where B. STRUCTURES : who	13
EXERCISE 14	- STRUCTURES : how long ? ... for	14
EXERCISE 15	- A. STRUCTURES : Sentences with given words B. STRUCTURES : realize that	15
EXERCISE 16	- STRUCTURES : find that	16
EXERCISE 17	- A. STRUCTURES : fight against B. STRUCTURES : to-infinitive	17
EXERCISE 18	- STRUCTURES : need for +ing	18
EXERCISE 19	- STRUCTURES : modal-should	19

EXERCISE 20	STRUCTURES: making sentences from a table	20
EXERCISE 21	-STRUCTURES: decide to	21
EXERCISE 22	-STRUCTURES: when clause	22
EXERCISE 23	- STRUCTURES : adjective - the superlative degree	23
EXERCISE 24	- A. STRUCTURES : as + adjective + as B. STRUCTURES : like + noun	24
EXERCISE 25	- STRUCTURES : making sentences from a table	25
EXERCISE 26	- STRUCTURES : contain	26
EXERCISE 27	-STRUCTURES : joining clauses	27
EXERCISE 28	-STRUCTURES : even as ...	28
EXERCISE 29	-STRUCTURES : many other ...	29
EXERCISE 30	-STRUCTURES : one of the	30
EXERCISE 31	-STRUCTURES : subject + verb + adjective complement	31
EXERCISE 32	- STRUCTURES : using verbs / expressions	32
EXERCISE 33	- STRUCTURES : in spite of	33
EXERCISE 34	- STRUCTURES : making sentences from a table	34
EXERCISE 35	-STRUCTURES : using verbs in sentences	35
EXERCISE 36	-STRUCTURES : What ? know about ...	36
EXERCISE 37	-STRUCTURES : since	37
EXERCISE 38	-STRUCTURES : dream of	38
EXERCISE 39	-STRUCTURES : adjective phrase	39
EXERCISE 40	- STRUCTURES : change of voice	40
EXERCISE 41	-STRUCTURES : when - clause	41
EXERCISE 42	-STRUCTURES : who - question	42

EXERCISE 1

A. STRUCTURES : subject+verb+adjective

Example : the woman / feel / lonely

Question : How did the woman feel?

Answer : She felt lonely.

Write similar questions and answers with the following :

1. the boy / feel / happy

Q.....

A.....

2. Sita / appear / jolly

Q.....

A.....

3. Hasan / look / unhappy

Q.....

A.....

B. STRUCTURES : subject+verb+object simple past tense

Example : the woman / sow / the seeds

Question : What did the woman do?

Answer : The woman sowed the seeds.

Write similar questions and answers with the following :

1. the boy / paint / the fence

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil / write / the letter

Q.....

A.....

3. Anita / break / the toy

Q.....

A.....

4. Hasan / plant / the roses

Q.....

A.....

EXERCISE 2

A. STRUCTURES : adjectives from nouns

A. Look at the following nouns and the adjectives made from them.

1. noun: health -- adjective -- healthy
2. wealth ----- wealthy
3. strength ----- strong
4. length ----- long

Use these adjectives in your own sentences :

1. healthy.....
.....
2. wealthy.....
.....
3. strong.....
.....
4. long.....
.....

B. STRUCTURES : nouns from adjectives

Example: heavy --- heaviness --- I was aware of the heaviness of the stone.
Similarly make nouns from the following adjectives and use them in your own sentences :

1. happy.....
.....
2. lonely.....
.....
3. good.....
.....
4. sick.....
.....

Make 16 suitable sentences from this table:

He	liked	studying the habits of insects.
The Professor	disliked	disobeying the teachers.
Atul	enjoyed	watching the T.V.
Rita	got tired of	rowing on the lake.

Example: Atul disliked disobeying the teachers.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

EXERCISE 4

A. STRUCTURES : idiomatic expressions

Use the following expressions in your sentences:

Example :

1. as well as Catching fish is his work as well as his hobby.
2. at the bottom of:.....
.....
3. above the surface of :.....
.....
4. think about:.....
.....
5. belong to:.....
.....

B. STRUCTURES : making sentences from a table

Write 9 sentences from this table:

He went home	satisfied with the response.
Atul went away	pleased with the result.
Anita went out	contented with the outcome.

Example : Anita went out satisfied with the response.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.

Example: Question: Who conquered Chittor?

Answer: Chittor was conquered by Akbar.

Similarly make questions in the active voice and give answers in the passive voice with the following expressions :

1. Akbar / recognize / the heroism of Jaimal and Patka

Q.....

A.....

2. Rana / start / preparations for the war

Q.....

A.....

3. He / order / new weapons for the army

Q.....

A.....

4. Rana / repair / the forts

Q.....

A.....

B. STRUCTURES: question sentence, when

Example: Udai Singh / found / Udaipur / in 1559

Questions: When did Udai Singh found Udaipur ?

Answer: Udai Singh founded Udaipur in 1559.

Now write questions and answers in the same way :

1. the donkey / bear the burden / in all seasons

Q.....

A.....

2. the woman / bear twins / in winter

Q.....

A.....

3. the mango / bear fruit / in summer

Q.....

A.....

Example : Rana / promise / sleep on the floor

Question : What did Rana promise?

Answer : Rana promised that he would sleep on the floor.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following :

1. Rana / promise / gain freedom for his country

Q.....

A.....

2. Atul / decide / kill the wild beast

Q.....

A.....

3. Anil / promise / work hard for the first division

Q.....

A.....

4. Bhama Shah / may / give up all his treasure for the country

Q.....

A.....

5. Indians / decide / turn out the foreign rulers

Q.....

A.....

6. Rani of Jhansi / promise / take back her country

Q.....

A.....

Example : We / enter Appu Ghar from gate number four.

Question : May we enter Appu Ghar from gate number four?

Answer : Yes, we may enter Appu Ghar from gate number four.

Similarly write questions and answers with the following :

1. we/see the whole of Delhi from the Qutub Minar

Q.....

A.....

2. people/travel from Asia to Europe in fast planes

Q.....

A.....

3. Atul / talk to his brother in Canada on the phone

Q.....

A.....

Second Example : Anil / swim / in the lake

Question : Can Anil swim in the lake ?

Answer : Yes, Anil can swim in the lake.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following :

1. Anita / visit / Appu Ghar on Sunday

Q.....

A.....

2. Hasan / plant roses / in the garden

Q.....

A.....

3. Ram / go to Agra / on a bicycle

Q.....

A.....

Write 16 sentences from this table :

We know		this Park is named Appu Ghar.
Atul knows		an apple falls to the ground.
Hasan knows	why	water boils in the kettle.
Rao knows		secularism is a good idea.

Example : Atul knows why secularism is a good idea.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

EXERCISE 9**STRUCTURES: sentence from a table****Make 16 sentences from this table :**

Timothy Boon	bought a balloon.
Little Jack Bloon	ate with a spoon.
Raman and Hasan	played the bassoon.
Pretty La Doon	sat in the room.

Example : Raman and Hasan bought a balloon.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

Read with example :

Question: Why was Ali Baba afraid ?

Answer: Ali Baba was afraid because he had never seen the robbers before.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Anil afraid / never seen a snake before

Q.....

A.....

2. Atul terrified / never fallen from a tree before

Q.....

A.....

3. Haroon glad / never seen such a flower before

Q.....

A.....

4. Aziz worried / never lost his way before

Q.....

A.....

5. Anand tired / never walked for so many kilometres before

Q.....

A.....

6. Masooma tired / never worked so hard before

Q.....

A.....

7. Rao afraid / never had such a terrible dream before

Q.....

A.....

EXERCISE 11**A. STRUCTURES: adverbial of place**

Read this example :

Question: Where did Ali hide ?

Answer: He hid behind the thick leaves.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following expressions:

1. The robbers / carry their bags / on the horses

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil / hide / behind the wall

Q.....

A.....

3. Atul / fall / into the well

Q.....

A.....

B. STRUCTURES: look like

Example:

Question: What did the men look like ?

Answer: They looked like robbers.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. The animals / look like / horses

Q.....

A.....

2. The men / look like / thieves

Q.....

A.....

3. The boats / look like / swans

Q.....

A.....

Example : India's national flag / has / three colours

Question:How many colours has India's national flag ?

Answer : India's national flag has three colours.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. The fence / has / two shades

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil / has / four pens

Q.....

A.....

3. Atul / has / six shirts

Q.....

A.....

4. Hasan / has / ten flowers

Q.....

A.....

5. This building / has / ten floors

Q.....

A.....

6. This book / has / ten pictures

Q.....

A.....

7. Anita / has / five dolls

Q.....

A.....

8. Rita / has / four frocks

Q.....

A.....

Example : the white band / in the middle

Question : Where is the white band ?

Answer : The white band is in the middle.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. the green band / at the bottom

Q.....

A.....

2. the saffron band / at the top

Q.....

A.....

3. the Ashoka Chakra / in the middle

Q.....

A.....

B. STRUCTURES : who

Example :

Question : Who gave this flag to the nation?

Answer : Pandit Nehru gave this flag to the nation.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Anil / give the doll to Rita

Q.....

A.....

2. the President / give the medal to the jawan

Q.....

A.....

3. Hasan / give the flower to Leela

Q.....

A.....

Example : Gandhi / remain in England / for three years

Question : How long did Gandhi remain in England ?

Answer : Gandhi remained in England for three years.

Write similar questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Atul / study English / for twelve years

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil / live in Bombay / for six years

Q.....

A.....

3. Rana Pratap / fight his enemies / for many years

Q.....

A.....

4. Hasan / grow flowers / for ten years

Q.....

A.....

5. Aziz / remain in Arabia , for nine years

Q.....

A.....

6. Rao / live in Hyderabad / for nine years

Q.....

A.....

7. Satish / work on the project / for two months

Q.....

A.....

Write sentences using these words :

1. born at.....
.....
2. go abroad.....
.....
3. starved to death.....
.....
4. a vegetarian.....
.....

B. STRUCTURES : realize that

Example :

Question : What did Gandhiji realize?

Answer : Gandhiji realized that South Africa was not a respectable place for Asians.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. Anil / hard work bring success

Q.....

A.....

2. Anita / can pass with good marks

Q.....

A.....

3. Hasan / roses give sweet smell

Q.....

A.....

Example : Gandhi / find that / he required to work for Swaraj

Question : What did Gandhi find ?

Answer : He found that he was required to work for Swaraj.

Similarly write questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Atul / find that / supposed to fill in new forms

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil / find that / expected to go for daily exercise

Q.....

A.....

3. Anita / find that / required to practise it daily

Q.....

A.....

4. Murgaran / find that / expected to please his seniors

Q.....

A.....

5. Hasan/ find that / required to trim the branches regularly

Q.....

A.....

6. Aziz / find that / expected to talk in Arabic and English

Q.....

A.....

7. Sharma / find that / supposed to contact all the experts

Q.....

A.....

Example :

Question : What did Gandhi fight against?

Answer : He fought against the evil of untouchability.

Similarly write questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Atul / fight against / drug-taking

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil / fight against / gambling

Q.....

A.....

3. Hasan / fight against / plucking flowers

Q.....

A.....

B. STRUCTURES : to-infinitive

Example :

Question : Why was Gandhi grieved ?

Answer : He was grieved to see the bloodshed of mankind.

Similarly write questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Anil / grieved to see the communal riots

Q.....

A.....

2. Atul / pained to see so much loss of property

Q.....

A.....

3. Hasan / grieved to see the withering of so many roses

Q.....

A.....

Question : What does Atul need for keeping a garden ?

Answer : He needs a plot of land for keeping a garden

Write questions and answers using the following expressions :

1. Anil / spade / for digging the garden

Q.....

A.....

2. Suman / hammer / for driving a nail on the wall

Q.....

A.....

3. Sita / broom / for sweeping the floor

Q.....

A.....

4. Raman / bucket / for carrying water

Q.....

A.....

5. Leela / sewing machine / for stitching a dress

Q.....

A.....

6. Ravi / pot of paint / for painting the door

Q.....

A.....

7. Ratan / screw driver / for tightening the screw

Q.....

A.....

8. Sarla / pen / for signing the application

Q.....

A.....

Question : Should we help our parents ?

Answer : Yes, we should help our parents.

Similarly write questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Anil / obey his teachers.

Q.....

A.....

2. Atul / help his neighbours

Q.....

A.....

3. Hasan / support his classmates

Q.....

A.....

4. Rao / obey his parents

Q.....

A.....

5. Rita / please her elders

Q.....

A.....

6. Anita / satisfy her friends

Q.....

A.....

7. Lolitha / cooperate with her friends

Q.....

A.....

8. Aziz / help his brothers

Q.....

A.....

Write 16 sentences from this table :

I wish I were	a hawker spending the day on the road.
Anil wishes he were	a gardener digging in the garden.
Atul wishes he were	a watchman walking up and down.
Ravi wishes he were	a teacher teaching English.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

Question : What did the cats decide ?

Answer : They decided to continue their discussion.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Anil / decided to / work hard

Q.....

A.....

2. Atul / decide to / grow more fruit

Q.....

A.....

3. Anita / decide to / learn classical dances

Q.....

A.....

4. Aziz / decide to / learn Arabic

Q.....

A.....

5. Rao / decide to / consult his friends

Q.....

A.....

6. Murthy / decide to / go abroad for treatment

Q.....

A.....

7. Hasan / decide to / grow many roses

Q.....

A.....

8. Rani / decide to / write a letter to her mother

Q.....

A.....

Question : What will happen when the cat moves ?

Answer : The bell will ring when the cat moves.

Now write similar questions and answers with the following expressions :

1. Atul will pass / when he works hard

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil will laugh / when he reads the story

Q.....

A.....

3. Anita will buy sweets / when she gets her pocket-money

Q.....

A.....

4. Hasan will cry / when he sees the monster

Q.....

A.....

5. Rao will go to the movies / when he passes his examination

Q.....

A.....

6. The station will be crowded / when the train arrives

Q.....

A.....

7. The crops will grow / when the rains come

Q.....

A.....

8. The game will start / when the umpire comes

Q.....

A.....

Example :**Question:** Which is the most beautiful valley in the Himalayas ?**Answer :** Kashmir is the most beautiful valley in the Himalayas.**Now write similar questions and answers with the following expressions :**

1. The Taj Mahal / the most beautiful building in the world

Q

A

2. The Qutub Minar / the tallest tower in India

Q

A

3. Shakespeare / the greatest writer in English

Q

A

4. Kalidasa / the greatest poet in Sanskrit

Q

A

5. Sahara / the vastest desert in the world

Q

A

6. Eiffel Tower / the highest tower in Europe

Q

A

7. The Empire State Building / the tallest building in the world

Q

A

8. The Mahabharata / the longest poem in the world

Q

A

Example : The people of Kashmir / handsome / the natural scenery of state
 The people of Kashmir are as handsome as the natural scenery of the State.

Make similar sentences with these :

1. Anil's hair / dark / the cloud

2. Anita's cheeks / red / roses

3. These poems / beautiful / Shakespeare's sonnets

4. The valley of Kashmir / beautiful / paradise

5. This wool / white / milk

B. STRUCTURES : like + noun

Example : The boats / a city on the water
 The boats look like a city on the water

Write similar sentences with these :

1. the roses / a red carpet

2. the shikaras / a market on water

3. the bees / labourers engaged in house building

4. the children in fancy dresses / fairies

5. The wind mills / giants

Write 16 sentences from this table :

Anita	tied the Rakhi	round Atul's wrist.
The sister	tied the silken thread	round the brother's wrist.
The girl	tied the auspicious thread	round the boy's wrist.
The woman	tied the sacred band	round the man's wrist.

Example : The girl tied the silken thread round Atul's wrist.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

Example :

Question: How many lines does the Mahabharata contain ?

Answer : It contains two hundred thousand lines.

Now write similar questions and answers with these:

1. this ancient temple / a thousand pillars

Q.....

A.....

2. The Taj Mahal / four minarets

Q.....

A.....

3. That hotel / two hundred rooms

Q.....

A.....

4. The Mughal Garden/a thousand varieties of roses

Q.....

A.....

5. This picnic spot / twenty picnic huts

Q.....

A.....

6. The Qutub Minar / six storeys

Q.....

A.....

7. This box / six books

Q.....

A.....

Example :

- A. Abhimanyu saw Drona's son.
- B. Abhimanyu killed him with a mace.
- C. Abhimanyu saw Drona's son and killed him with a mace.

Similarly combine the following sentences with and :

- 1. A. Anil saw the snake.
 B. Anil hit it with a stick.

- 2. A. Atul saw the toy.
 B. Atul bought it.

- 3. A. Anita washed the sari.
 B. Anita ironed it.

- 4. A. Hasan planted the rose.
 B. Hasan watered it.

- 5. A. Rita read the story.
 B. Rita liked it.

- 6. A. The children went to a picnic.
 B. The children enjoyed a horse ride.

Example :

Question : What was Raman doing even as a student?

Answer : Even as a student Raman was conducting research in optics.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. as a boy/Atul run long races

Q.....

A.....

2. as a junior assistant / Anil work for ten hours a day

Q.....

A.....

3. as an apprentice / Rao earn enough for his family

Q.....

A.....

4. as a school boy / Hasan grow fine roses

Q.....

A.....

5. as a new pupil / Anita give dance performance

Q.....

A.....

6. as a small girl / Rita collect rare stamps

Q.....

A.....

7. as a school boy / Raman operate computers

Q.....

A.....

Write 16 sentences from this table :

Many other	scientists workers researchers people	carried on research	in molecular physics. in atomic physics. in organic chemistry. in cellular biology.
------------	--	------------------------	--

Example : Many other people carried on research in atomic physics.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

Example :

Question : What is the Taj Mahal ?

Answer : It is one of the wonders of the world.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. The Red Fort / one of the strongest forts in India

Q.....

A.....
2. The Lotus Temple / one of the most beautiful buildings in New Delhi

Q.....

A.....
3. The Qutub Minar / one of the tallest towers in the world

Q.....

A.....
4. Connaught Place / one of the busiest shopping centres in India

Q.....

A.....
5. The Brindaban Garden / one of the most beautiful gardens in India

Q.....

A.....
6. The Gandhi Samadhi / one of the most sacred places in Delhi

Q.....

A.....
7. The Victoria Memorial / one of the most beautiful buildings in Calcutta

Q.....

A.....

Write 16 sentences from this table :

The emperor's grief	was	immense .
The heat of the desert		unbearable .
The queen's affliction		very great .
The traveller's loss		unspeakable .

Example : The queen's affliction was unspeakable.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

Use the following verbs and expressions in sentences of your own :

1. join hands.....
2. gain freedom.....
3. establish.....
4. enjoy.....
5. practise.....
6. speak.....
7. live.....
8. think about.....
9. interfere in.....
10. work shoulder to shoulder.....
11. consider.....
12. provide.....

Questions : What do the people of India have in spite of differences of religion ?

Answer : In spite of differences of religion people of India have a unity of culture.

Now make similar questions and answers with these :

1. Anil and Aziz / differences of religion / good relations with each other

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil and Rao / differences of language / play games together

Q.....

A.....

3. Rita and Anita / differences of opinion / a liking for each other

Q.....

A.....

4. The two boys / differences of colour / warm affection for each other

Q.....

A.....

5. The two girls / differences of age / long walks together

Q.....

A.....

6. The two teachers / differences of voice / great liking for the pupils

Q.....

A.....

7. The two players / differences of style / great control of the game

Q.....

A.....

Write 16 sentences from this table :

The duck	wags its tail at me.
The bird	is safe as safe can be.
The hen	goes a-sailing to and fro.
The goose	never wets her feathers.

Example The duck never wets her feathers.

1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
11.
12.
13.
14.
15.
16.

Make a sentence of your own with each of these :

1. waste away

.....

2. assail

.....

3. satisfy

.....

4. give away

.....

5. permit

.....

6. agree

.....

7. build

.....

8. invite

.....

9. throw

.....

10. know

.....

11. stake

.....

12. lose

.....

13. gain

.....

14. win

.....

Example :**Question :** What does the teacher know about Ravi ?**Answer :** The teacher knows that Ravi is a good student.**Now write similar questions and answers with these:**

1. The doctor / Atul / will recover quickly

Q.....

A.....

2. Captain / Ratan / is an excellent batsman

Q.....

A.....

3. The headmistress/ Anita / will make a good head-girl

Q.....

A.....

4. The teacher / Sita / is a fair class-monitor

Q.....

A.....

5. Suman / tennis / is quite a difficult game

Q.....

A.....

6. Rita / chess / is a very exciting game

Q.....

A.....

7. Sarita / cooking / is a very interesting occupation

Q.....

A.....

8. Raju / exercise / is necessary to keep fit

Q.....

A.....

Example :

Question : Since when has Sunil Gavaskar played test matches for India?

Answer : Sunil Gavaskar has played test matches for India since 1971.

Now, write similar questions and answers with these :

1. Atul play for his school/since 1982

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil watch the T.V./since 1985

Q.....

A.....

3. Anita dance regularly / since 1986

Q.....

A.....

4. Rita write poems / since her childhood

Q.....

A.....

5. Hasan plant roses / since early last year

Q.....

A.....

6. Aziz be in school / since he was three years old

Q.....

A.....

7. Shabāna play badminton / since she was eight years old

Q.....

A.....

Example :

Question : What do many world class players dream of?

Answer : Many world class players dream of breaking the record.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. many students / getting the first position in school

Q.....

A.....

2. many boys / becoming the best sportsmen of the area

Q.....

A.....

3. many girls/dancing better than their classmates

Q.....

A.....

4. many farmers / getting a bumper harvest

Q.....

A.....

5. many foreigners / visiting India in winter

Q.....

A.....

6. many young men / getting a good job

Q.....

A.....

7. many young students / having good holidays

Q.....

A.....

Example :

Question : What is Deepawali?

Answer : It is a prominent festival of India.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. Eid / an important festival of Muslims

Q.....

A.....

2. The Taj Mahal / a world famous monument

Q.....

A.....

3. The Mahabharata / the longest poem of the world

Q.....

A.....

4. Bharat Natyam / an excellent dance of South India

Q.....

A.....

5. The Qutub Minar / a historical monument

Q.....

A.....

6. The Ganga / the most sacred river of India

Q.....

A.....

7. Onam / a very colourful festival of Kerala

Q.....

A.....

Example :

Active : We give a fresh limewash to the buildings.

Passive : The buildings are given a fresh lime wash.

Similarly write the Passive form of the following :

- 1. The lamps destroy the insects.
.....
- 2. The lamps clean the atmosphere.
.....
- 3. All Indians celebrate Deepawali.
.....
- 4. We decorate the shops and houses.
.....
- 5. We offer sweets to our guests.
.....
- 6. People sometimes misuse the festive occasions.
.....
- 7. Atul writes a letter everyday.
.....
- 8. We borrow books from the library.
.....
- 9. She cooks delicious food.
.....
- 10. School children plant trees every year.
.....
- 11. The farmers planted the paddy in the fields.
.....
- 12. Anita bought sweets from the shop.
.....
- 13. Gita did her home task diligently.
.....
.....

Example :

Question : When the father died, did the three brothers quarrel ?

Answer : No, the three brothers did not quarrel when the father died.

Now write similar questions and answers with these :

1. when the father died / Atul quarrel with his sister

Q.....

A.....

2. when the neighbour died / the boys leave the house

Q.....

A.....

3. when the roses withered / Hasan like it

Q.....

A.....

4. when the results came out / Anita be happy

Q.....

A.....

5. when the rains stopped/the frogs die

Q.....

A.....

6. when the branch dried / the birds leave it

Q.....

A.....

7. when the river dried / the villagers get any water

Q.....

A.....

Example :

Question : Who was appointed commander of the King's army?

Answer : The youngest son was appointed commander of the King's army.

Now write questions and answers with these :

1. Atul/appointed/monitor of the class

Q.....

A.....

2. Anil / declared / leader of the group

Q.....

A.....

3. Anita / declared / the best dancer

Q.....

A.....

4. Hasan / elected / president of the rose-club

Q.....

A.....

5. Rao / nominated / president of the debating society

Q.....

A.....

6. Murthy / elected / editor of the magazine

Q.....

A.....

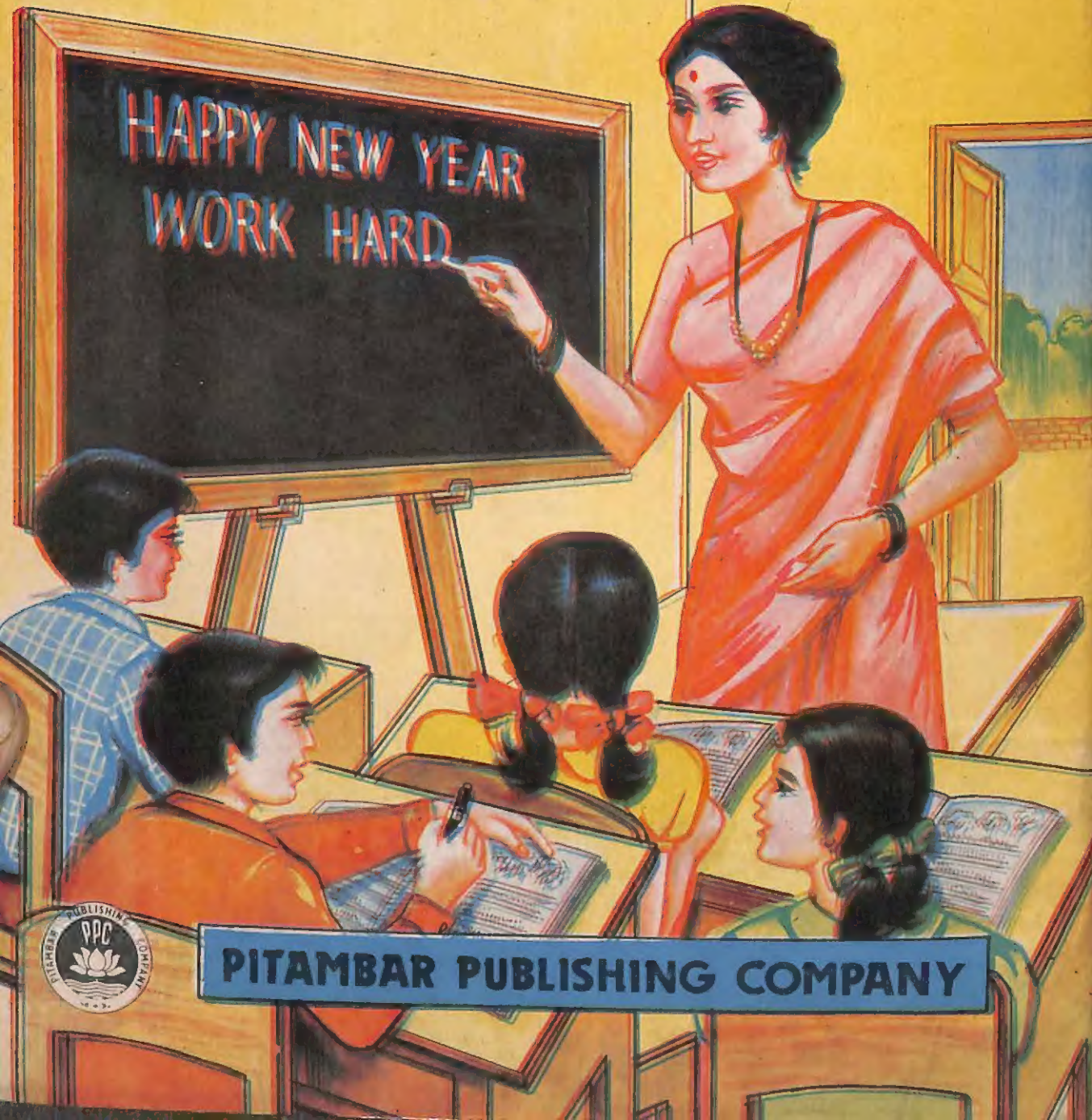
7. Anand / selected / leader of the mountaineers

Q.....

A.....

LET'S WRITE ENGLISH

J. FUSTE'
&
S.N.A. RIZVI



PITAMBAR PUBLISHING COMPANY